

TopYug Educations**CA FOUNDATION – BUSINESS LAWS****TEST - 4 (ICA – Topic 10)****Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 4 marks each. Duration – 50 Mins**

1. Akhilesh entered into an agreement with Shekhar to deliver him (Shekhar) 5,000 bags to be manufactured in his factory. The bags could not be manufactured because of strike by the workers and Akhilesh failed to supply the said bags to Shekhar. Decide whether Akhilesh can be exempted from liability under the provisions of the Indian Contract Act, 1872.
2. Explain the circumstances where under a party to a contract may be exempted from the performance of contract on the ground of 'Supervening impossibility' under the Indian Contract Act, 1872.
3. M Ltd., contracts with Shanti Traders to make and deliver certain machinery to them by 30.6.2004 for Rs. 11.50 lakhs. Due to labour strike, M Ltd. could not manufacture and deliver the machinery to Shanti Traders. Later, Shanti Traders procured the machinery from another manufacturer for Rs.12.75 lakhs. Shanti Traders was also prevented from performing a contract which it had made with Zenith Traders at the time of their contract with M Ltd. and were compelled to pay compensation for breach of contract. Advise Shanti Traders the amount of compensation which it can claim from M Ltd., referring to the legal provisions of the Indian Contract Act.
4. A contracted with B to supply him (B) 500 tons of iron-steel @ Rs. 5,000 per ton, to be delivered at a specified time. Thereafter, A contracts with C for the purchase of 500 tons of iron-steel @ Rs. 4,800 per ton, and at the same time told 'C' that he did so for the purpose of performing his contract entered into with B. C failed to perform his contract in due course. Consequently, A could not procure any iron-steel and B rescinded the contract. What would be the amount of damages which A could claim from C in the circumstances? Explain with reference to the provisions of the Indian Contract, 1872.
5. What is meant by Anticipatory Breach of Contract?
Mr. Dubious textile enters into a contract with Retail Garments Show Room for supply of 1,000 pieces of Cotton Shirts at Rs.300 per shirt to be supplied on or before 31st December, 2004. However, on 1st November, 2004 Dubious Textiles informs the Retail Garments Show Room that he is not willing to supply the goods as the price of Cotton shirts in the meantime has gone upto Rs.350 per shirt. Examine the rights of the Retail Garments Show Room in this regard.
6. X, Y and Z jointly borrowed Rs.50,000 from A. The whole amount was repaid to A by Y. Decide in the light of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 whether:
 - (i) Y can recover the contribution from X and Z,
 - (ii) Legal representatives of X are liable in case of death of X,
 - (iii) Y can recover the contribution from the assets, in case Z becomes insolvent.

GOOD LUCK !